Building your online presence:

Publishing your personal website

Maria Sevillano August 27th, 2021

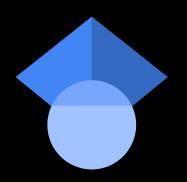


What defines your online presence?

- Background info on yourself
- Work/Professional Interests
- Publications
- Future plans
- Skill sets



Academic online presence









Pinto Lab



Roadmap

Step 1: Define your brand

Step 2: Create Github repository

Step 3: Create R project and new site

Step 4: Generate content

Step 5: Build site

Step 6: Publish site

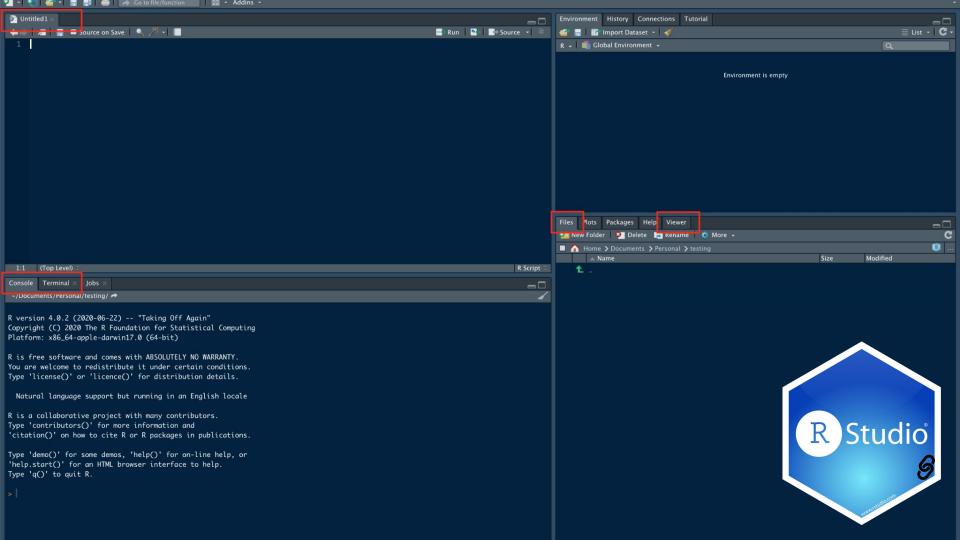
Prerequisites

R/Rstudio → Rprojects; Rmarkdown

Git → Github account

Background: Tools







renr x1="100%" y1="0%" x2= stop-color="#06101F" offset= stop-color="#1D304B" offset=

Goal: provide a powerful and customizable website output format for R Markdown.

media-control width="96" height=

linearGradien

.stor)

<filter x="-500%</pre>

<stop stop

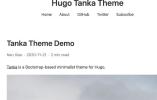
<feOffset dy=

<feGaussia

Use dynamic R Markdown documents to build webpages featuring:

- R code (or other programming languages that knitr supports),
- stop stop automatically rendered output such as graphics, tables, analysis results, and HTML widgets, and
- Ytechnical writing elements such as citations, footnotes, and LaTeX math, enabled by the bookdown package. <feColorMatrix</pre>

HUGOS (HU)GO TEMPLATE PRIMER 🦠 💆 🛗 🚜 in 🖇 Hugo Tanka Theme (HUIGO TEMPLATE PRIMER ABOUT HUGO GETTING STARTED WITH HUGO TUTORIALS





Vik, Iceland, Photo by Adam Jang

Typography Follows the Bootstrap typography.







Hugo uses the excellent go html/template library for its template engine. It is an extremely lightweight engine that provides a very small amount of logic. In our experience that it is just the right amount of logic to be able to create a good static website. If you have used other template systems from different languages or frameworks you will find a lot of similarities in go

This document is a brief primer on using go templates. The go docs provide more details.

Introduction to Go Templates

Go templates provide an extremely simple template language. It adheres to the belief that only the most basic of logic belongs in the template or view layer. One consequence of this simplicity is that go templates parse very quickly.

A unique characteristic of go templates is they are content aware. Variables and content will be sanitized depending on the context of where they are used. More details can be found in the go

Basic Syntax

Go lang templates are html files with the add So aghostwriter





Ssimple-a





Welcome to Tranquilpeak 0.2.0

Tranquilpeak is a gorgeous responsive theme for Hugo blog framework. It has many features and integrated services to improve user experience. Continue reading



Elements showcase May 28, 2015 in tranquilpeak, features

Check out how Tranquilpeak theme display well HTML elements (title, paragraph, blockquote, table and more..). It's simple and elegant.







CREATIVE PORTFOLIO

(f) (G^*) (y) (0) (x)

Creative

portfolio 💆

> About > Get in touch





NAME OF THE WORK 3

Fifth abundantly made Give

don't them.

sixth hath. Cattle creature i be

NAME OF THE WORK 2

When she reached the first hills a last view back on the skyline of her hometown

Bookmarksgrove, the headline of Alphabet Village and the subline of her own road, the





NAME OF THE WORK 7



What are your favorite webpages?

- pintolab
- Google scholar
- Research gate

What are your favorite webpages?



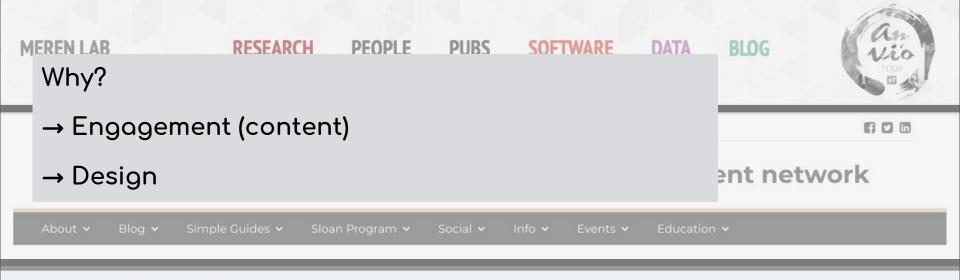
About this site

All tutorials

Research

Home

What are your favorite webpages?



Happy Belly Bioinformatics

About this site

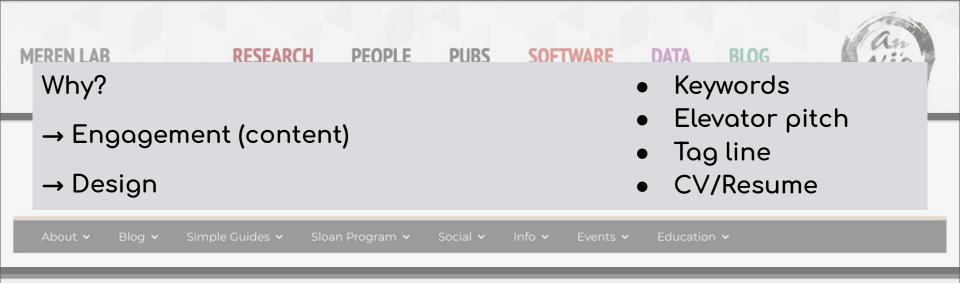
A

All tutorials

Research I

Home

What are your favorite webpages?



Happy Belly Bioinformatics

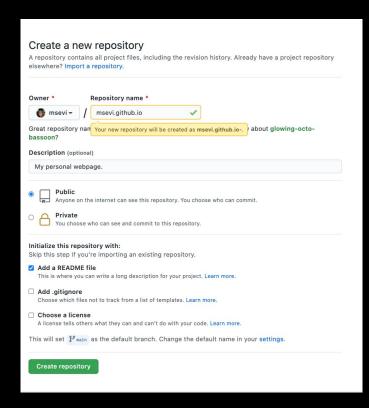
About this site A

All tutorials

Research

Home

Step 2: Create your Github repo



Important:
naming convention has to be
<username>.github.io
for github pages to work!

Step 3: Create a project and site

```
blogdown::new_site(theme = "hugo-apero/hugo-apero")
blogdown::serve site()
```

Step 4: Generate content

```
blogdown::new post(title = "Hi Hugo", ext = '.Rmd',
subdir = "blog")
```

Step 5: Build site

```
blogdown::hugo_build()
```

Content creation workflow (local)

```
blogdown::new post()
```

Knit file

Make edits to Rmarkdown file

re-Knit

blogdown::hugo build()

Step 6: Publish your site

Control your versions and move your public directory to your repository.

In the terminal:

1. Initiate git in the /personal_website/public/ folder

git init

2. Add and commit the changes

```
git add .
git commit -m "update website"
```

3. Set origin (this step is done only once!)

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/msevi/msevi.github.io.git
```

4. Push your updates online

```
git push --set-upstream origin master
```

Website update workflow (remote)

```
blogdown::hugo_build()
```

git add

git commit

git push

